



6SB7-Y

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PENTAGRID CONVERTER

SINGLE-ENDED METAL TYPE

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage	6.3	ac or dc volts
Current	0.3	amp.

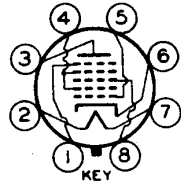
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Grid No.3 to All Other Electrodes (RF Input)▲.	9.6	. . .	μf
Plate to All Other Electrodes (Mixer Output)▲.	9.2	. . .	μf
Grid No.1 to All Other Electrodes (Osc. Input)▲.	7.3	. . .	μf
Grid No.3 to Plate▲.	0.13 max.		μf
Grid No.3 to Grid No.1▲	0.16 max.		μf
Grid No.1 to Plate▲	0.06 max.		μf
Grid No.1 to All Other Electrodes and Shell, Except Cathode	3.8	. . .	μf
Grid No.1 to Cathode	3.4	. . .	μf
Cathode to All Other Electrodes and Shell Except Grid No.1	4.5	. . .	μf

Mechanical:

Mounting Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-5/8"
Maximum Seated Length	2-1/16"
Maximum Diameter	1-5/16"
Bulb	MT-8G
Base	Small Wafer Octal 8-Pin, Micanol
Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW	8R

Pin 1 - Shell, Grid No.5	Pin 5 - Grid No.1
Pin 2 - Heater	Pin 6 - Cathode
Pin 3 - Plate	Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 4 - Grids No.2 & No.4	Pin 8 - Grid No.3



CONVERTER SERVICE

Maximum Ratings, Design-Center Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
GRIDS - No.2 & No.4 VOLTAGE	100 max.	volts
GRIDS - No.2 & No.4 SUPPLY VOLTAGE	300 max.	volts
PLATE DISSIPATION	2.0 max.	watts
GRIDS - No.2 & No.4 DISSIPATION	1.5 max.	watts
TOTAL CATHODE CURRENT	22 max.	ma.
GRID - No.3 VOLTAGE:		
Negative Bias Voltage	100 max.	volts
Positive Bias Voltage	0 max.	volts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
Heater negative with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	90 max.	volts

▲ with shell connected to cathode.

6SB7-Y



6SB7-Y

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Characteristics - - Separate Excitation:*			
Plate Voltage.	100	250	. . volts
Grids-No.2 & No.4 (Screen) Voltage	100	100	. . volts
Grid-No.3 (Control Grid) Voltage	-1.0	-1.0	. . volt
Grid-No.1 (Oscillator Grid) Resistor	20000	20000	. . ohms
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . .	0.5	1.0	. . Megohm
Conversion Transconductance. .	900	950	. . μmhos
Conversion Transconductance**	3.5	3.5	. . μmhos
Plate Current.	3.6	3.8	. . ma.
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Current . . .	10.2	10	. . ma.
Grid-No.1 Current	0.35	0.35	. . ma.
Total Cathode Current.	14.2	14.2	. . ma.
Typical Operation in FM Band (88-108 Mc):			
<i>(See circuit on following page),</i>			
Plate Voltage.		250	. . volts
Grids-No.2 & No.4 (Screen) Supply Voltage		250	. . volts
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Resistor		12000	. . ohms
Grid-No.1 Resistor		22000	. . ohms
Signal Frequency	88	108	Mc
Oscillation Frequency.	98.7	118.7	Mc
Plate Current.	6.8	6.5	ma.
Grids-No.2 & No.4 Current.	12.6	12.5	ma.
Grid-No.1 Current	0.130	0.140	ma.
NOTE: The transconductance between grid No.1 and grids No.2 & No.4 connected to plate (not oscillating) is approximately 8000 micromhos under the following conditions: signal applied to grid No.1 at zero-bias; grids-No.2 and No.4 and plate at 100 volts; grid No.3 grounded. Under the same conditions, the plate current is 32 milliamperes and the amplification factor is 16.5.			
* The characteristics shown with separate excitation correspond very closely with those obtained in a self-excited oscillator circuit operating with zero bias.			
** With grid-No.3 bias of -20 volts.			

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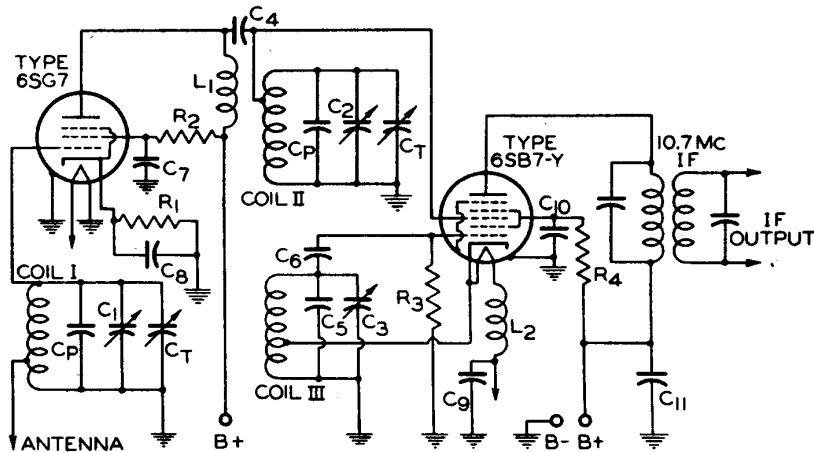
TENTATIVE DATA 1


6SB7-Y

6SB7-Y

PENTAGRID CONVERTER

TYPICAL SELF-EXCITED CONVERTER CIRCUIT
FOR TYPE 6SB7-Y WITH RF STAGE
88-108 Mc
 (SEE TYPICAL OPERATION)



C1 C2 C3 = GANGED TUNING CONDENSERS: 7 - 23 $\mu\mu\text{f}$	L1 L2 = RF CHOKES
C4 C5 C6 = 22 $\mu\mu\text{f}$	R1 = 68 OHMS
C7 C8 C9 C10 C11 = BY-PASS CONDENSERS	R2 = 33000 OHMS
Cp = PADDING CONDENSERS	R3 = 22000 OHMS
Ct = TRIMMER CONDENSERS	R4 = 12000 OHMS

COIL I = ANTENNA COIL*: 2 TURNS No.14 WIRE + 1-1/4"
 LEAD No.20 WIRE. COIL TAPPED AT 1 TURN.
 COIL II = INTERSTAGE COIL*: 2 TURNS No.14 WIRE + 1-1/4"
 LEAD No.20 WIRE. COIL TAPPED AT 1-1/4 TURN.
 COIL III = OSCILLATOR COIL*: 1-7/8 TURNS No.14 WIRE, NO
 ADDED LEAD. COIL TAPPED AT 5/8 TURN.

* All coils 5/8" long, approx.

NOTE 1: All tap positions are approximate and should be adjusted to give stable operation.

NOTE 2: Insertion of a small non-inductive resistor of about 3 ohms in the circuit at grid-No.3 terminal of the 6SB7-Y is helpful in preventing oscillation at the signal frequency.

92CM-6650

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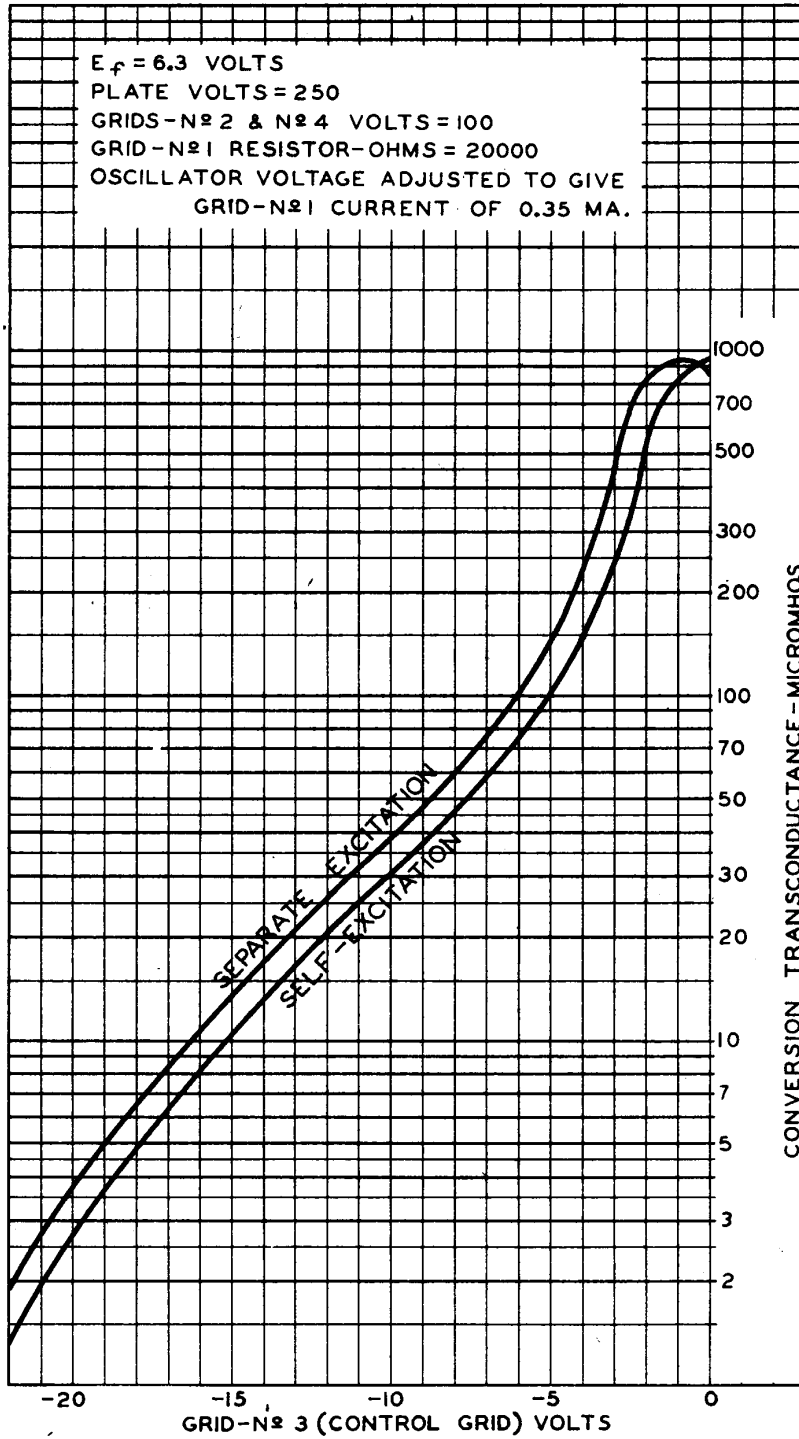
TENTATIVE DATA 2

6SB7-Y



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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



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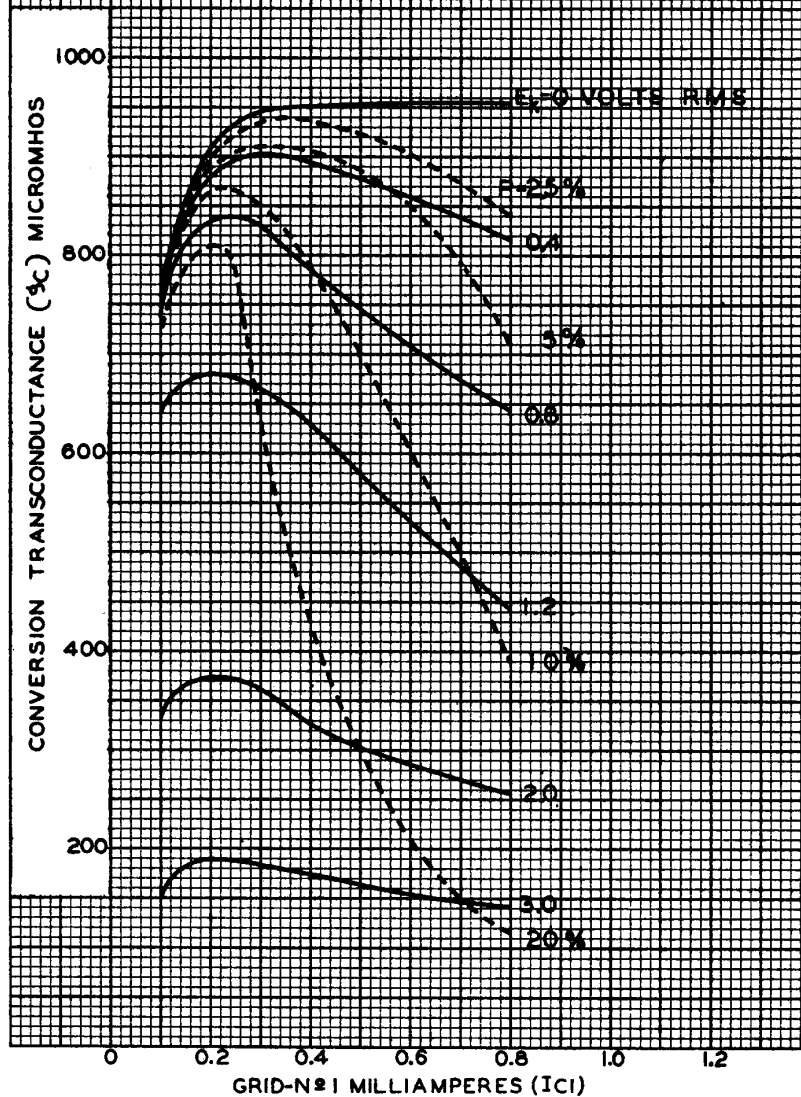


6SB7-Y

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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS WITH SELF-EXCITATION

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS
 PLATE VOLTS = 250
 GRIDS-N^o 2 & N^o 4 VOLTS = 100
 GRID-N^o 3 (CONTROL GRID) VOLTS = -1
 GRID-N^o 1 RESISTOR - OHMS = 20000
 P - PERCENTAGE RATIO OF E_k TO $E_k + E_g$, WHERE
 E_k = VOLTAGE ACROSS OSCILLATOR-COIL SECTION
 BETWEEN GROUND AND CATHODE, AND
 E_g = OSCILLATOR VOLTAGE BETWEEN CATHODE
 AND GRID



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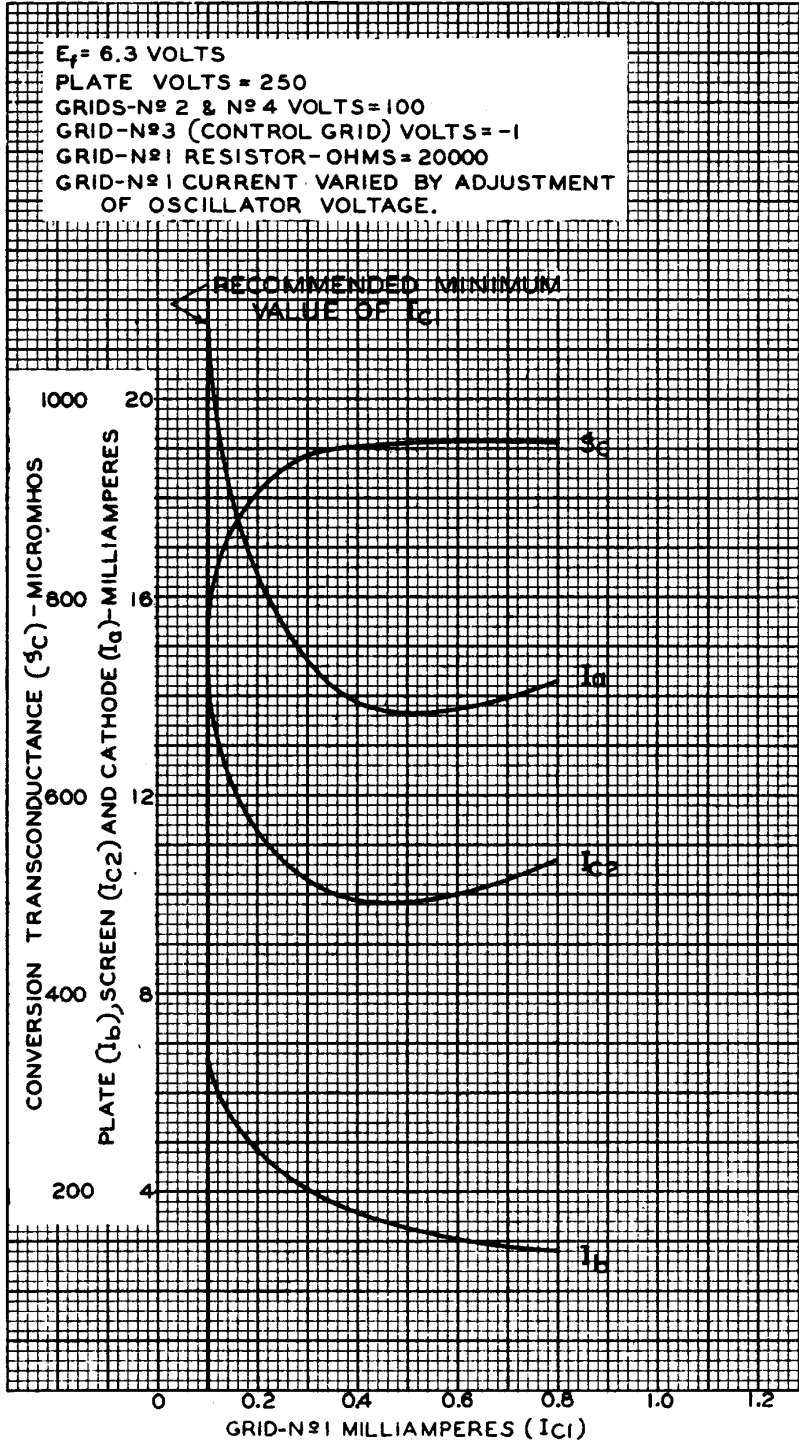
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6SB7-Y



6SB7-Y

OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS WITH SEPARATE OSCILLATOR EXCITATION



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92CM-6634